

Multiplicity-free permutation representations of the sporadic groups

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1. Let G be a finite group, and let $H \leq G$ be of index $n = [G : H]$. Let $\Omega = H|G = \{\omega_1, \dots, \omega_n\}$ be the set of the right cosets of H in G , where $\omega_1 := H \cdot 1$, and let $\mathbb{Z}\Omega$ be the corresponding $\mathbb{Z}G$ -permutation module, with permutation character $\pi_\Omega \in \mathbb{Z}\text{Irr}_{\mathbb{C}}(G)$. Let $\Omega = \coprod_{i=1}^r \Omega_i$ be the decomposition of Ω as a disjoint union of H -orbits, where $\Omega_1 := \{\omega_1\}$, and let $A_i := [a_{ijk}]_{jk} \in \{0, 1\}^{n \times n}$, where $a_{ijk} = 1$ if and only if $(\omega_j, \omega_k) \in \Omega \times \Omega$ is in the G -orbit $(\omega_1 \times \Omega_i) \cdot G$. Then $\{A_i; 1 \leq i \leq r\}$ is a \mathbb{Z} -basis for the endomorphism ring $E := \text{End}_{\mathbb{Z}G}(\mathbb{Z}\Omega)$.

The algebra $E^{\mathbb{C}} := E \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}} \mathbb{C}$ is a split semisimple \mathbb{C} -algebra, and by the *Fitting correspondence* there is a bijection $\{\varphi \in \text{Irr}_{\mathbb{C}}(E^{\mathbb{C}})\} \longleftrightarrow \{\chi \in \text{Irr}_{\mathbb{C}}(G); \langle \pi_\Omega, \chi \rangle_G \neq 0\}$. The ring E is commutative if and only if Ω is *multiplicity-free*, i. e. $\langle \pi_\Omega, \chi \rangle_G \leq 1$ for all $\chi \in \text{Irr}_{\mathbb{C}}(G)$. In this case we have $|\text{Irr}_{\mathbb{C}}(E^{\mathbb{C}})| = r = \dim_{\mathbb{C}}(E^{\mathbb{C}})$, and $\varphi(A_1) = 1$ for all $\varphi \in \text{Irr}_{\mathbb{C}}(E^{\mathbb{C}})$; the matrix $\Phi := [\varphi(A_i); \varphi \in \text{Irr}_{\mathbb{C}}(E^{\mathbb{C}}), 1 \leq i \leq r] \in \mathbb{C}^{r \times r}$ is called the *character table* of $E^{\mathbb{C}}$.

2. For the sporadic finite simple groups, their automorphism groups and their Schur covering groups there are 328 equivalence classes of multiplicity-free permutation actions Ω [T.Breuer, K.Lux, 1996; S.Linton, Z.Mpono, 2001]. For these we have compiled a database containing the character tables Φ of the corresponding endomorphism rings $E^{\mathbb{C}}$ (currently up to one exception). The data is available as a GAP-library [T.Breuer, J.M., 2002]:

<http://www.math.rwth-aachen.de/~Juergen.Mueller/mferctbl/mferctbl.html>.

As an example, the character table for the case $G = B$ and $H = 2^{1+22}.C_{02}$ is shown below; the degrees m_φ of the Fitting correspondents are indicated as well.

The results are based on work of [S. Norton, 1985; C.Praeger, L.Soicher, 1997; I. Höhler, 2001; J.M., 2003], amongst others, and on computational techniques encompassing a bunch of the most powerful tools of computational representation theory and computational group theory [F.Lübeck, M.Neunhöffer, 2001; R.Parker, 2001; J.M., 2002].

3. As an application, we have completed the classification of the distance-transitive orbital graphs for the sporadic finite simple groups, their automorphism groups and their Schur covering groups: The primitive cases have been classified in [A.Ivanov, S.Linton, K. Lux, J. Saxl, L. Soicher, 1995] and the non-primitive cases in [J.M., 2003].

The non-primitive cases are shown below; the rank r , valency k , number of vertices n , diameter d , and the intersection array is given as well, and it is indicated whether the corresponding graph is bipartite or antipodal.

Charaktertafel f'ur $G = B$ und $H = 2^{1+22}.C_{02}$

φ	m_φ	1	2	3	4	5	6
1	1	1	93150	7286400	262310400	4196966400	9646899200
2	96255	1	-2025	772200	-5702400	42768000	290816000
3	9458750	1	10287	215424	3777840	25974432	35514368
4	347643114	1	-2025	99000	356400	-5702400	8806400
5	4275362520	1	495	48960	-334800	1631520	2769920
6	9287037474	1	3375	28800	356400	1015200	-870400
7	536105794455	1	1095	1560	7200	-113280	81920
8	635966233056	1	-425	9400	-3600	-57600	-115200
9	4375623425250	1	135	-360	-12960	17280	-40960
10	6145833622500	1	-153	-936	8640	1152	32768

	7	8	9	10
470060236800	537211699200	4000762036224	6685301145600	
-2714342400	5474304000	8833204224	-11921817600	
607533696	100362240	-42467328	-730920960	
.	45619200	-191102976	141926400	
-9636480	-12441600	-2359296	20321280	
-6652800	4147200	-14155776	16128000	
107520	-921600	2555904	-1720320	
358400	-76800	1409024	-1523200	
138240	414720	-884736	368640	
-129024	-207360	294912	.	

Imprimitive distanz-transitive Orbital-Graphen

G	H	i	r	k	n	d	intersection array	
$HS.2$	$M_{22} < M_{22}.2$	3	6	22	200	5	$\{22, 21, 16, 6, 1; 1, 6, 16, 21, 22\}$	ba
$M_{22}.2$	$2^4: A_6 < 2^4: S_6$	3	6	16	154	5	$\{16, 15, 12, 4, 1; 1, 4, 12, 15, 16\}$	ba
Co_3	$McL < McL.2$	3	4	275	552	3	$\{275, 112, 1; 1, 112, 275\}$	a
Co_3	$McL < McL.2$	4	4	275	552	3	$\{275, 162, 1; 1, 162, 275\}$	a
HS	$U_3(5) < U_3(5).2$	3	4	175	352	3	$\{175, 72, 1; 1, 72, 175\}$	a
HS	$U_3(5) < U_3(5).2$	4	4	175	352	3	$\{175, 102, 1; 1, 102, 175\}$	a
HS	$U_3(5) < U_3(5).2$	3	4	175	352	3	$\{175, 72, 1; 1, 72, 175\}$	a
HS	$U_3(5) < U_3(5).2$	4	4	175	352	3	$\{175, 102, 1; 1, 102, 175\}$	a
$HS.2$	$U_3(5).2$	3	4	126	352	3	$\{126, 125, 36; 1, 90, 126\}$	b
$HS.2$	$U_3(5).2$	2	4	50	352	3	$\{50, 49, 36; 1, 14, 50\}$	b
$M_{22}.2$	$L_3(4) < L_3(4).2_2$	4	4	21	44	3	$\{21, 20, 1; 1, 20, 21\}$	ba
$2.M_{12}$	M_{11}	3	3	22	24	2	$\{22, 1; 1, 22\}$	ba
$2.M_{12}$	M_{11}	3	3	22	24	2	$\{22, 1; 1, 22\}$	ba
M_{11}	$A_6 < A_6.2_3$	3	3	20	22	2	$\{20, 1; 1, 20\}$	ba
$M_{12}.2$	M_{11}	3	3	12	24	2	$\{12, 11; 1, 12\}$	ba