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On the Fekete-Szegoe problem for close-to-convex functions. II. (English)  
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[For part I see Proc. Am. Math. Soc. 101, 89-95 (1987; reviewed above).]

Let  $C(\beta)$ ,  $\beta \geq 0$ , denote the family of normalized close-to-convex function of order  $\beta$ . (For  $\beta = 1$  this is the usual class of close-to-convex functions as defined by Kaplan). In part I, the author found the sharp result for the functional  $|a_3 - \lambda a_2^2|$  defined on the class  $C$  of Kaplan. In this paper, the author continues his investigations to the class  $C(\beta)$ . We mention: Let  $f \in C(\beta)$ , and let  $S(f)$  denote

$$S(f) = \sup_{z \in D} (1 - |z|^2)^2 |S_f(z)|,$$

( $S_f(z)$  the Schwarzian derivative and  $D$  the unit disk) then

$$S(f) \leq \begin{cases} 2 + 4\beta, & \text{if } \beta \leq 1 \\ 2\beta^2 + 4\beta, & \text{if } \beta \geq 1 \end{cases}$$

and the results are sharp.

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*Classification*:

- 30C45 Special classes of univalent and multivalent functions
- 30C50 Coefficient problems for univalent and multivalent functions
- 30C70 Extremal problems for (quasi-)conformal mappings, variat. methods